# Representation of the UNIMARC bibliographic data format in Resource Description Framework

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#### UNIMARC

- Universal Machine Readable Cataloguing
  - Maintained by the Permanent UNIMARC
     Committee (PUC) of the International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions (IFLA)
  - First published in 1977
- Specifies formats for encoding Authority,
   Bibliographic, Classification and Holdings data
  - Based on ISO 2709, library content standards, etc.

## Project

- Representation of UNIMARC in RDF
  - Funded for first year by PUC
    - Will take more than 1 year ...
  - Focus on UNIMARC Bibliographic format
- To support production of datasets from UNIMARC catalogues
  - Used in Europe, North Africa, Russia, China, Japan
- To support linked data interoperability with related IFLA standards and beyond

#### Element sets

- "Bibliographic" format has same focus as International Standard Bibliographic Description (ISBD)
  - The entity [bibliographic] Resource ~
     Manifestation
- Attributes => RDF properties
- Lossless data requires finest level of granularity
  - Qualified UNIMARC coded subfield

#### Value vocabularies

- Coded information stored in tag block 1xx
  - Code lists specify notation, term, description, and scope
- Represented as RDF/SKOS vocabularies
  - Italian and Portuguese translations multilingual environment
  - Interoperability with vocabularies of other schema
- 12 published so far
  - For example: Target audience



http://metadataregistry.org/concept/list/vocabulary\_id/322.html

#### URI design templates

Element set granularity at subfield level with superstructure of fields (tags) and 2 qualifiers (indicators). Coded subfields refined by character position.

Value vocabulary
granularity at code
level.
Hash URIs used if
code list is small, or
self-referential
("other", etc.)

| Tag | Ind 1 | Ind 2     | Subfield | CharPos | URI    | Attribute              |
|-----|-------|-----------|----------|---------|--------|------------------------|
| 200 | 1     | _ [blank] | а        |         | 2001_a | Title proper           |
| 100 | _     | _         | а        | 17      | 100a17 | Target audience code 1 |

| Vocabulary token | Code | URI   | Vocabulary: Term                |
|------------------|------|-------|---------------------------------|
| tac              | m    | tac#m | Target audience: adult, general |

#### Target audience code

"applicable to records of materials in any media" Subfield a, character positions 17-19, of tag 100 General processing data

3 instances of one-character code

100 \_ a 17-19

100\_\_a17

100\_\_a18

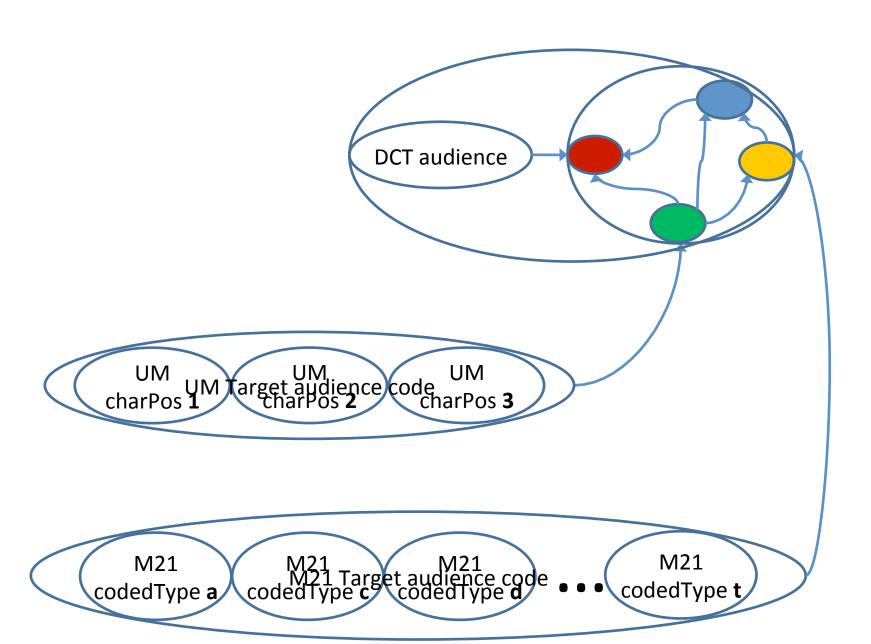
100 a 19

Order of position carries no significance in UNIMARC format

But content rules may assign significance

## Mappings

- UNIMARC tags and subfields have corresponding ISBD "elements"
  - Now out-of-date after publication of ISBD consolidated edition
  - Category of alignment relationship to be determined
    - Equivalent or broader/narrower
  - To be used as basis for sub-property mappings
- Mappings from UNIMARC to other vocabularies being developed



## Granularity

- Intellectual value of UNIMARC is preserved by a finest-grained semantic representation
- Data can always be dumbed-down to the level of coarseness required by applications
  - Processed with shared open maps
  - Including schema.org and dct!
    - And BIBFRAME too ...
- Data should be published without loss
  - For semantically rich applications
- Universal Bibliographic Control ~ Semantic Web

## Thank you!